

FEATURES

- Soft Start
- Output Trim
- RoHS Compliant
- Six-Sided Shielding
- Efficiency up to 89%
- Single & Dual Outputs
- Remote On/Off Control
- MTBF > 1,000,000 Hours
- Low Profile: 0.37" (9.3mm)
- CSA1950 Safety Approval
- UL60950-1 Safety Approvals
- 4:1 Wide Input Voltage Range
- Complies with EN55022 Class A
- Short Circuit, Over Voltage, and Over Temperature Protected



DESCRIPTION

The MMW series power modules are low-profile dc/dc converters that offer up to 30 watts of output power in a 2 x 1.6 x 0.37 inch package. These converters operate over input voltage ranges of 10-40VDC and 18-75VDC. This series also provides regulated single and dual output voltages of 3.3, 5, 12, 15, ± 12 and ± 15 VDC. Other features include remote on/off control, output trim function, six-sided shielding, and efficiencies up to 89%. All models are over voltage, over temperature and short circuit protected. The EN55022 Class A conducted noise compliance minimizes design time, cost, and eliminates the need for external filter components. These converters have UL60950-1 approvals and are best suited for data communication equipment, distributed power systems, telecommunications equipment, mixed analog/digital subsystems, process/machine control equipment, computer peripheral systems, and industrial robot systems.

SPECIFICATIONS: MMW Series					
All specifications are based on 25°C, Nominal Input Voltage, and Maximum Output Current unless otherwise noted. We reserve the right to change specifications based on technological advances.					
SPECIFICATION	TEST CONDITIONS	Min	Nom	Max	Unit
INPUT (V_{in})					
Input Voltage Range	24V nominal input models	10	24	40	VDC
	48V nominal input models	18	48	75	VDC
Start Voltage	24V nominal input models	9.4	9.7	10	VDC
	48V nominal input models	17	17.5	18	VDC
Under Voltage Shutdown	24V nominal input models	9	9.3	9.5	VDC
	48V nominal input models	16	16.5	17	VDC
Reverse Polarity Input Current	All models			2	A
Short Circuit Input Power				4500	mW
Input Surge Voltage	24V nominal input models	-0.7		50	VDC
	48V nominal input models	-0.7		100	VDC
Input Filter		Pi Filter			
OUTPUT (V_o)					
Output Voltage Range		See Rating Chart			
Output Voltage Accuracy			± 0.5	± 1.0	%
Output Voltage Balance	Dual Outputs, Balanced Loads		± 0.5	± 2.0	%
Output Trim	% of nominal output	± 9.0	± 10.0	± 11.0	%
Load Regulation	I _o = 50% to 100%		± 0.3	± 1.0	%
Line Regulation	V _{in} = min. to max.		± 0.2	± 0.5	%
Output Power				30	W
Output Current Range		See Rating Chart			
Ripple & Noise (20MHz)			55	80	mV _{pk-pk}
Ripple & Noise (20MHz)	Over Line, Over Load, and Over Temperature			100	mV _{pk-pk}
Ripple & Noise (20MHz)				10	mV _{rms}
Transient Recovery Time	25% load step change		150	300	μ s
Transient Response Deviation			± 2	± 4	%
REMOTE ON/OFF					
Supply On		2.5 to 100VDC or Open Circuit			
Supply Off		-1		1	VDC
Standby Input Current			2	5	mA
Control Input Current (On)	V _{in} - RC = 5.0V			5	μ A
Control Input Current (Off)	V _{in} - RC = 0V			-100	μ A
Control Common		Referenced to negative input			
PROTECTION					
Over Power Protection		120		180	%
Short Circuit Protection		Continuous			
Over Voltage Protection		See Rating Chart			
Input Fuse Recommendation	24V nominal input models	5000mA slow-blow type			
	48V nominal input models	3000mA slow-blow type			



SPECIFICATION	TEST CONDITIONS	Min	Nom	Max	Unit
GENERAL					
Efficiency		See Rating Chart			
Switching Frequency		290	330	360	KHz
Isolation Voltage Rated	60 seconds	1500			VDC
Isolation Voltage Test	Flash Test for 1 second	1650			VDC
Isolation Resistance	500VDC	1000			MΩ
Isolation Capacitance	100KHz, 1V		1200	1500	pF
Internal Power Dissipation				5,500	mW
Max. Capacitive Load		See Rating Chart			
ENVIRONMENTAL					
Operating Temperature (Ambient)		-40		+50	°C
Operating Temperature (Case)		-40		+105	°C
Storage Temperature		-50		+125	°C
Over Temperature Protection	Case Temperature, automatic	107	112	117	°C
Lead Temperature	1.5mm from case for 10 seconds			260	°C
Humidity				95	%
Cooling		Free air convection			
RFI		Six-sided shielding, metal case			
Temperature Coefficient			±0.01	±0.02	%/°C
MTBF	MIL-HDBK-217F @ 25°C, Ground Benign	1000			Khours
Conducted EMI		EN55022 Class A			
PHYSICAL					
Weight		48 grams (heatsink 2g)			
Dimensions (L x W x H)		2.0 x 1.6 x 0.37 inches (50.8 x 40.6 x 9.3 mm)			
Case Material		Metal with non-conductive baseplate			
Flammability		UL94V-0			
Heatsink material		Aluminum			
Heatsink finish		Anodic treatment (black)			
SAFETY & EMI					
Safety Approvals		UL60950-1			
EMI Requirements		EN55022 Class A			

MODEL SELECTION TABLES

SINGLE OUTPUT MODELS

Model Number	Input Voltage	Output Voltage	Output Current		Input Current		Reflected Ripple Current	Efficiency (Typ)	Over Voltage Protection	Maximum Capacitive Load
			Min	Max	No Load	Max Load				
MMW24S3.3-5500	24 VDC (10 ~ 40 VDC)	3.3 VDC	400 mA	5500 mA	20 mA	922 mA	50 mA	82%	3.9 VDC	10000 µF
MMW24S5-5000		5 VDC	350 mA	5000 mA		1225 mA		85%	6.8 VDC	10000 µF
MMW24S12-2500		12 VDC	166 mA	2500 mA		1404 mA		89%	15 VDC	1000 µF
MMW24S15-2000		15 VDC	133 mA	2000 mA		1404 mA		89%	18 VDC	1000 µF
MMW48S3.3-5500	48 VDC (18 ~ 75 VDC)	3.3 VDC	400 mA	5500 mA	10 mA	461 mA	25 mA	82%	3.9 VDC	10000 µF
MMW48S5-5000		5 VDC	350 mA	5000 mA		613 mA		85%	6.8 VDC	10000 µF
MMW48S12-2500		12 VDC	166 mA	2500 mA		702 mA		89%	15 VDC	1000 µF
MMW48S15-2000		15 VDC	133 mA	2000 mA		702 mA		89%	18 VDC	1000 µF

DUAL OUTPUT MODELS

Model Number	Input Voltage	Output Voltage	Output Current		Input Current		Reflected Ripple Current	Efficiency (Typ)	Over Voltage Protection	Maximum Capacitive Load
			Min	Max	No Load	Max Load				
MMW24D12-1250	24 VDC (10 ~ 40 VDC)	±12 VDC	±83	±1250	20mA	1404 mA	50mA	89%	±15 VDC	330 µF #
MMW24D15-1000		±15 VDC	±65	±1000	20mA	1404 mA		89%	±18 VDC	330 µF #
MMW48D12-1250	48 VDC (18 ~ 75 VDC)	±12 VDC	±83	±1250	10mA	702 mA	25mA	89%	±15 VDC	330 µF #
MMW48D15-1000		±15 VDC	±65	±1000	10mA	702 mA		89%	±18 VDC	330 µF #

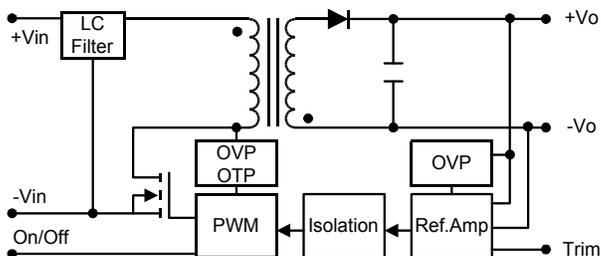
For each output

NOTES

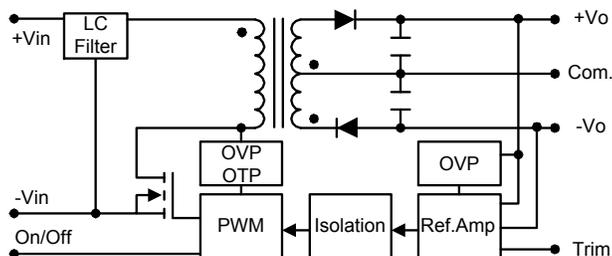
1. Transient recovery time is measured to within 1% error band for a step change in output load of 75% to 100%.
2. The MMW series requires a minimum output loading to maintain specified regulations. Operation under no-load conditions will not damage these devices, however they may not meet all listed specifications.
3. All DC/DC converters should be externally fused at the front end for protection.
4. Other input and output voltages may be available, please contact factory.
5. Heatsink is optional. Please consult factory for ordering details.

BLOCK DIAGRAMS

Single Output

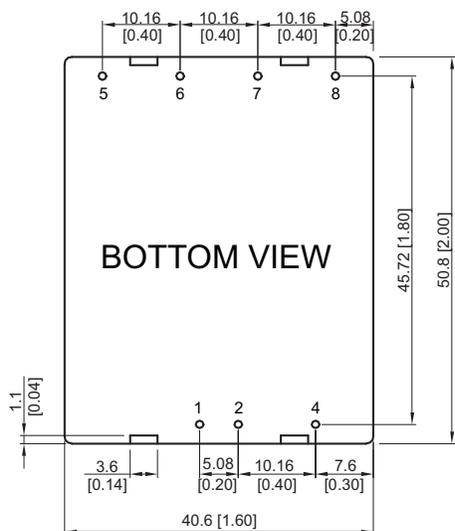


Dual Output

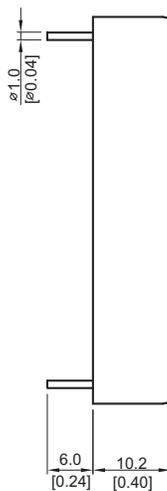


MECHANICAL DRAWING

Unit: mm [inches]



Standard Models



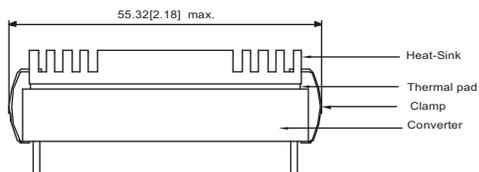
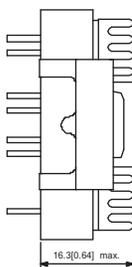
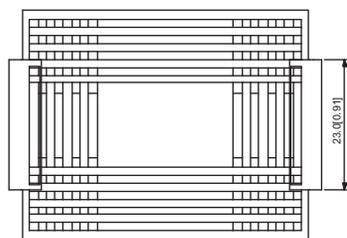
Physical Characteristics

Case Size: 2.0 x 1.6 x 0.4 inches (50.8 x 40.6 x 10.2 mm)
Case Material: Metal with non-conductive baseplate
Weight: 48g
Flammability: UL94V-0

PIN CONNECTIONS		
PIN	SINGLE OUTPUT	DUAL OUTPUT
1	+Vin	+Vin
2	-Vin	-Vin
4	Remote ON/OFF	Remote ON/OFF
5	No Pin	+Vout
6	+Vout	Common
7	-Vout	-Vout
8	Trim	Trim

Heatsink Option

Unit: mm [inches]



Physical Characteristics

Heatsink Material: Aluminum
Finish: Anodic treatment (black)
Weight: 2g

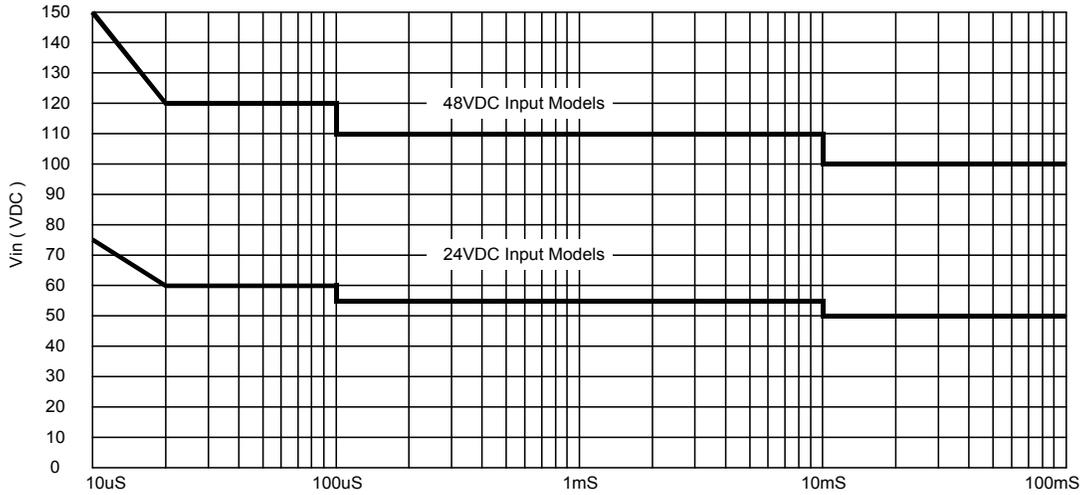
The advantages of adding a Heatsink are:

- To help heat dissipation and increase the stability and reliability of DC/DC converters at high operating temperature atmosphere
- To upgrade the operating temperature of DC/DC converters.

To order the converter with Heatsink please add the suffix "HS" to the model number

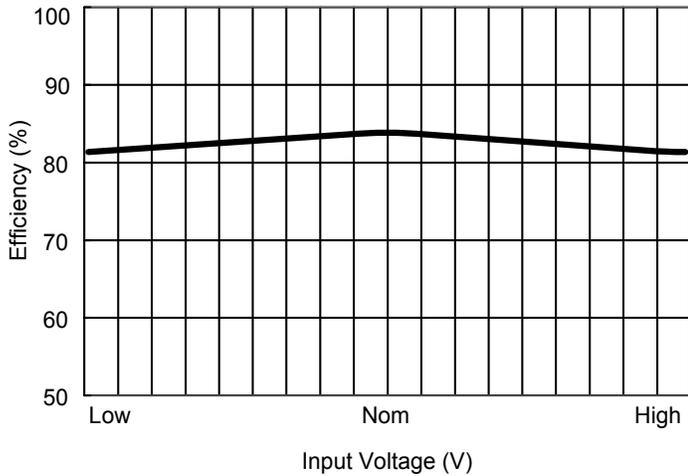
Tolerance: Millimeters Inches
X.X±0.5 X.XX±0.02
X.XX±0.25 X.XXX±0.01
Pin Diameter: ±0.05 ±0.002

INPUT VOLTAGE TRANSIENT RATING

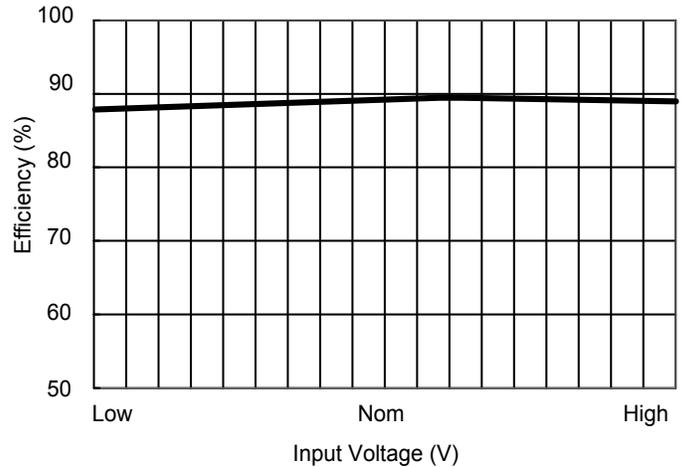


EFFICIENCY GRAPHS

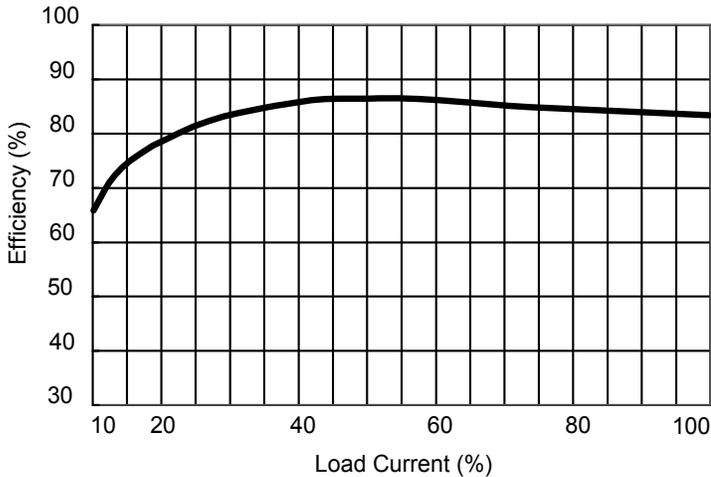
Efficiency vs Input Voltage (Single Output)



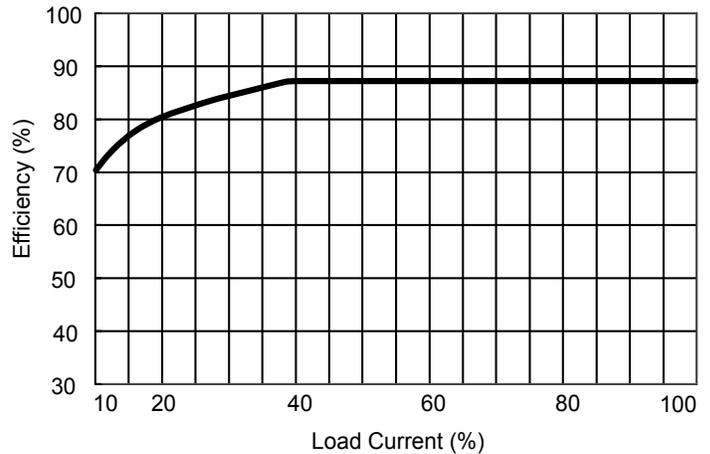
Efficiency vs Input Voltage (Dual Output)



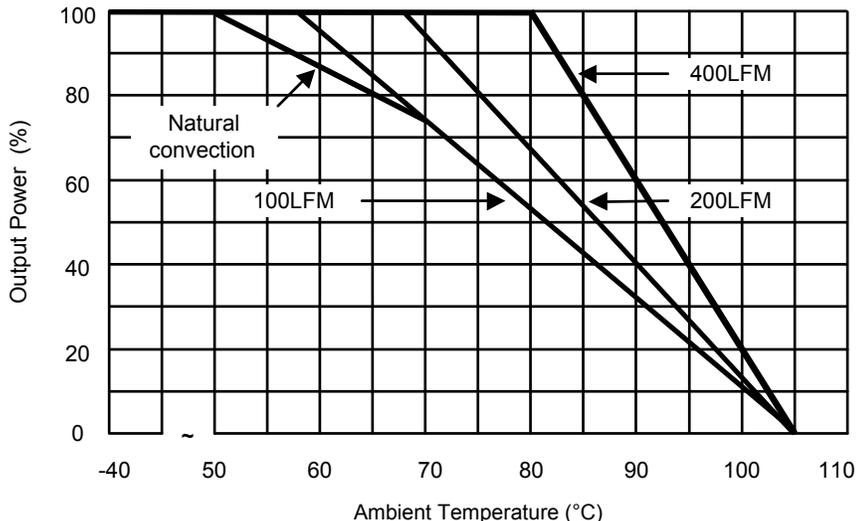
Efficiency vs Output Load (Single Output)



Efficiency vs Output Load (Dual Output)



DERATING CURVE



DESIGN & FEATURE CONSIDERATIONS

Over Current Protection

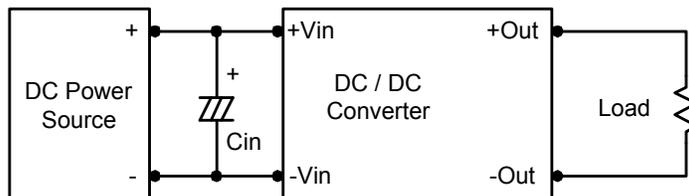
To provide protection in a fault (output overload) condition, the unit is equipped with internal current limiting circuitry and can endure current limiting for an unlimited duration. At the point of current-limit inception, the unit shifts from voltage control to current control. The unit operates normally once the output current is brought back into its specified range.

Over Voltage Protection

The output over voltage clamp consists of control circuitry that is dependent on the primary regulation loop that monitors the voltage on the output terminals. The control loop of the clamp has a higher voltage set point than the primary loop. This provides a redundant voltage control that reduces the risk of an output over voltage. The OVP level can be found in the protection specifications.

Input Source Impedance

The power module should be connected to a low ac-impedance input source. Highly inductive source impedances can affect the stability of the power module. In applications where power is supplied over long lines and output loading is high, it may be necessary to use a capacitor at the input to ensure startup. A capacitor mounted close to the power module helps ensure stability of the unit, it is recommended to use a good quality low Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR < 1.0Ω at 100KHz) capacitor of a 33μF for the 24V input models and a 10μF for the 48V input models.



Remote On/Off

Positive logic remote on/off turns the module on during a logic high voltage on the remote on/off pin, and turns the module off during a logic low. To turn the power module on and off, the user must supply a switch to control the voltage between the on/off terminal and the -Vin terminal. The switch can be an open collector or equivalent.

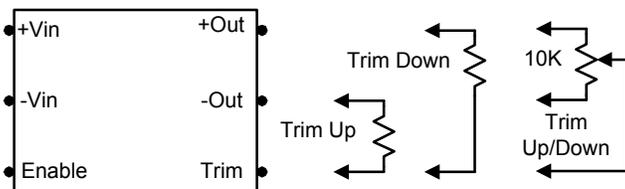
A logic low is -1V to 1.0V.

A logic high is 2.5V to 100V.

The maximum sink current at the on/off terminal (pin 4) during a logic low is -100µA. The maximum allowable leakage current of the switch at the on/off terminal (pin 4) during a logic high (2.5 to 100V) is 5µA.

Output Voltage Trim

Output voltage trim allows the user to increase or decrease the output voltage set point of a module. The output voltage can be adjusted by placing an external resistor (R) between the Trim and +Vout or -Vout terminals. By adjusting R, the output voltage can be changed by ±10% of the nominal output voltage.



A 10K, 1 or 10 turn trimpot is usually specified for continuous trimming. Trim pin may be safely left floating if it is not being used. Connecting the external resistor (R_{up}) between the Trim and -Vout pins increases the output voltage to set the point as defined in the following equation:

$$R_{up} = \frac{(33 \times V_{out}) - (30 \times V_{adj})}{V_{adj} - V_{out}}$$

Connecting the external resistor (R_{down}) between the Trim and +Vout pins decreases the output voltage set point as defined in the following equation:

$$R_{down} = \frac{(36.667 \times V_{adj}) - (33 \times V_{out})}{V_{out} - V_{adj}}$$

Vout: Nominal Output Voltage
 Vadj: Adjusted Output Voltage
 Units: VDC / KΩ

Maximum Capacitive Load

The MMW Series has a limitation of maximum connected capacitance at the output. The power module may be operated in current limiting mode during start-up, affecting the ramp-up and the startup time. For optimum performance we recommend 330µF maximum capacitive load for 12V and 15V outputs and 10,000µF capacitive load for 3.3V and 5V outputs. The maximum capacitance can be found in the Output Voltage / Current Rating Chart.

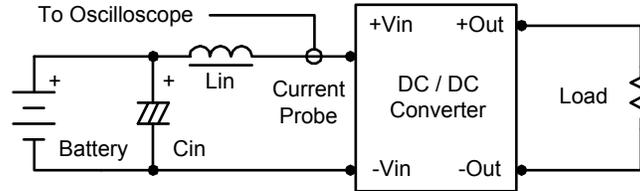
TEST CONFIGURATIONS

Input Reflected-Ripple Current Test Setup

Input reflected-ripple current is measured with an inductor L_{in} ($4.7\mu H$) and C_{in} ($220\mu F$, $ESR < 1.0\Omega$ at $100KHz$) to simulate source impedance.

Capacitor C_{in} offsets possible battery impedance.

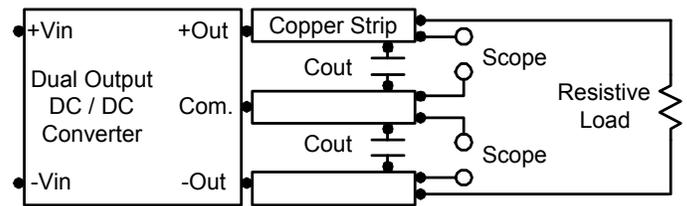
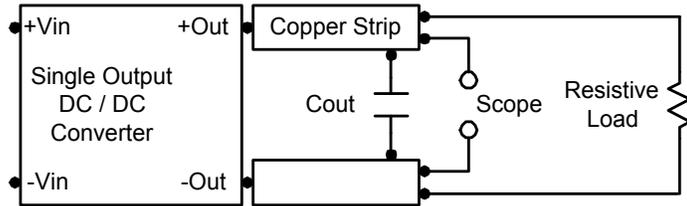
Current ripple is measured at the input terminals of the module. Measurement bandwidth is $0 \sim 500KHz$.



Peak-to-Peak Output Noise Measurement Test

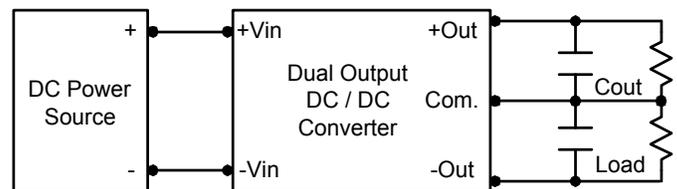
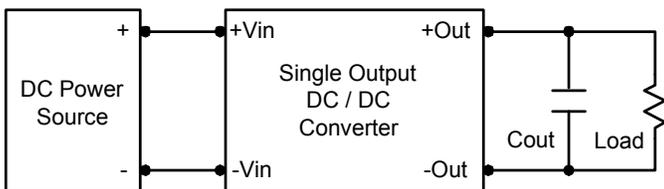
Use a C_{out} $1.0\mu F$ ceramic capacitor.

Scope measurement should be made by using a BNC socket; measurement bandwidth is $0 \sim 20MHz$. Position the load between $50mm$ and $75mm$ from the DC/DC Converter.



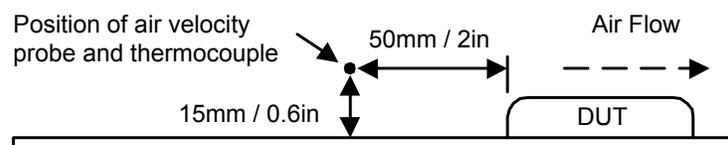
Output Ripple Reduction

A good quality low ESR capacitor placed as close as possible across the load will give the best ripple and noise performance. To reduce output ripple, it is recommended to use $4.7\mu F$ capacitors at the output.



Thermal Considerations

Many conditions affect the thermal performance of the power module, such as orientation, airflow over the module, and board spacing. To avoid exceeding the maximum temperature rating of the components inside the power module, the case temperature must be kept below $105^{\circ}C$. The derating curves are determined from measurements obtained in an experimental apparatus.



COMPANY INFORMATION:

Wall Industries, Inc. has created custom and modified units for over 50 years. Our in-house research and development engineers will provide a solution that exceeds your performance requirements on time and on budget. Our ISO9001-2008 certification is just one example of our commitment to producing a high quality, well documented product for our customers.

Our past projects demonstrate our commitment to you, our customer. Wall Industries, Inc. has a reputation for working closely with its customers to ensure each solution meets or exceeds form, fit and function requirements. We will continue to provide ongoing support for your project above and beyond the design and production phases. Give us a call today to discuss your future projects.

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